













How well do NER systems do?							
+	System LBJ-NER	Resources Used Wikipedia, Nonlocal Fea-	<i>F</i> <sub>1</sub> 90.80	Lample et al. (2016)			
-	(Suzuki and Isozaki, 2008)	Semi-supervised on 1G- word unlabeled data	89.92	LSTM-CRF (no char) LSTM-CRF S-LSTM (no char)	90.20 90.94 87.96		
-	(AndoandZhang, 2005)(Kazamaand	Semi-supervised on 27M- word unlabeled data Wikipedia	89.31 88.02	S-LSTM       90.33         BiLSTM-CRF + ELMo       92.2         Peters et al. (2018)       92.2			
-	Torisawa, 2007a) (Krishnan and Manning, 2006)	Non-local Features	87.24				
-	(Kazama and Torisawa, 2007b)	Non-local Features	87.17	BERT Devlin et al. (2019)	92.8		
+	(Finkel et al., 2005) Rati	Non-local Features	86.86				







## 2014: Stuff starts working

- Kim (2014) + Kalchbrenner et al. (2014): sentence classification / sentiment (convnets)
- Sutskever et al. + Bahdanau et al.: seq2seq for neural MT (LSTMs)
- Chen and Manning transition-based dependency parser (based on feedforward networks)
- What made these work? Data, optimization (initialization, adaptive optimizers), representation (good word embeddings)













## Training Neural Networks

$$P(\mathbf{y}|\mathbf{x}) = \operatorname{softmax}(W\mathbf{z}) \qquad \mathbf{z} = g(Vf(\mathbf{x}))$$

Maximize log likelihood of training data

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{x}, i^*) = \log P(y = i^* | \mathbf{x}) = \log \left( \operatorname{softmax}(W\mathbf{z}) \cdot e_{i^*} \right)$$

▶ *i*\*: index of the gold label

٢

 $\bullet$   $e_i$ : 1 in the *i*th row, zero elsewhere. Dot by this = select *i*th index

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{x}, i^*) = W\mathbf{z} \cdot e_{i^*} - \log \sum_j \exp(W\mathbf{z}) \cdot e_j$$





## Backpropagation: Takeaways

- ▶ Gradients of output weights W are easy to compute looks like logistic regression with hidden layer z as feature vector
- Can compute derivative of loss with respect to z to form an "error signal" for backpropagation
- Easy to update parameters based on "error signal" from next layer, keep pushing error signal back as backpropagation
- Need to remember the values from the forward computation









Computation Graphs in Pytorch	Computation Graphs in Pytorch		
<pre>&gt; Define forward pass for P(y x) = softmax(Wg(Vf(x))) class FFNN(nn.Module):     definit(self, inp, hid, out):         super(FFNN, self)init()         self.V = nn.Linear(inp, hid)         self.g = nn.Tanh()         self.W = nn.Linear(hid, out)         self.softmax = nn.Softmax(dim=0)     def forward(self, x):         return self.softmax(self.W(self.g(self.V(x))))</pre>	<pre>P(y x) = softmax(Wg(Vf(x)))</pre>		

Training a Model	Next Time		
Define a computation graph	Training neural networks		
For each epoch:	Word representations / word vectors		
For each batch of data:			
Compute loss on batch	• Wordzvec, Glove		
Autograd to compute gradients			
Take step with optimizer			
Decode test set			